

The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXIV.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, APRIL 19, 1912.

No. 40

1,340 PEOPLE IN SEA GRAVE

Giant Steamer Titanic
Strikes an Iceberg.

Was the Initial Trip of Worlds
Largest
Steamer.

Cape Race, N. E., April 16.—A wireless message tonight from Captain Haddock, of the steamer Olympic, relayed by the Celtic, reads as follows:

"Please allow rumor that the Virginian has any of the Titanic's passengers. Neither has the Tunisian. I believe that the only survivors are on the Carpathia. The second, third, fourth, and fifth officers, and the second Marconi operator are the only officers reported saved."

New York, April 16.—Waiting for wireless reports from the grave of the Titanic and the 1,340 passengers who went down with her, the heartless friends and relatives turned away in despair tonight when it was given out that the Government boats sent out to relay messages from the Carpathia, would not be able to get within the wireless zone until late tomorrow.

No one seems to feel that there is any hope for any of the passengers except the 888 said to be aboard the Carpathia, unless some passing steamer should accidentally rescue some of those who might be afloat on wreckage.

FAINT HOPE LEFT FOR MISSING.

Only a faint hope remains tonight that any of the 1,340 passengers and crew who have been missing since the giant Titanic sank has been picked up by transatlantic liners. The 888 survivors rescued from lifeboats by the Cunard Carpathia, now on her way to this city, are the only known saved.

The brief and meagre wireless messages that came to hand today practically extinguished hope that some of the ill-fated passengers may have been picked up at sea by the steamships Virginian and Parisian of the Allan Line. Both of these steamers set out that they had none of the Titanic's survivors on board.

Of the 888 persons rescued by the Carpathia, the names of 326 passengers had been received by wireless up to 4:30 o'clock. The Carpathia evidently was evidently out of wireless range toward noon, for after that efforts to reach her with wireless communications were futile and a score or more of messages from the Cunard Company and other sources were unanswered.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon Vice President Franklin, of the White Star Line, said that, so far as he knew, the Olympic was still standing by the Carpathia to relay wireless messages. He added that he had received no word from the Olympic since 9 o'clock this morning and had been unable to get either the Carpathia or the Olympic by wireless.

WILL AVOID NORTHERN ROUTE.

Mr. Franklin said also that the steamship companies crossing the Atlantic had entered into an agreement to abandon the short Northern route in favor of the Southern route, as long as icebergs were reported in the pathway of the former course.

The dispatch from Montreal saying that hope was still entertained there that the Parisian might have aboard some of the Titanic's survivors, Mr. Franklin characterized as "a ridiculous report." He added "that, in my opinion, neither the Parisian nor the Virginian has any survivors aboard."

The Titanic was insured for \$5,000,000, Mr. Franklin said. On the ship, he added, the White Star Line would lose about \$3,000,000. "This will be the smallest part of our loss," he added.

Captain Rostron, of the Carpathia, in his last wireless report to the Cunard Company stated that his vessel was proceeding slowly through a field of ice to this port.

NAVAL CRUISERS TO RESCUE

President Taft late this afternoon directed the Secretary of the Navy to order the scout cruisers Salem and Chester to the scene at once from Hampton Roads to meet the Carpathia and send in by wireless to the Government a complete list of the Titanic's survivors. The Chester was caught by wireless about 40 miles off the Chesapeake Capes and by 4 o'clock was steaming northward, at 20 knots an hour, aiming to get as quickly as possible into touch with steamers

having news bearing on the disaster. Two revenue cutters were also notified to stand in readiness to proceed to the Carpathia if necessary. In the event that the Salem had not sufficient coal, instructions were given to dispatch the cruiser North Carolina instead.

A possible chance of obtaining news bearing upon the disaster developed early this evening when the Leyland liner California came into the zone of wireless communication with Sable Island. The California was reported at the scene of the disaster shortly after the Titanic went down and was thought probable that she would have valuable information to communicate.

Capt. Rostron, of the Carpathia has been instructed to send full details of the sinking of the Titanic.

TEARFUL CROWDS ON BROADWAY

All day long tearful and anxious throngs swarmed the offices of the White Star Line and overflowed into Broadway, stopping traffic at times and keeping police reserves busy maintaining order.

Col. John Jacob Astor is believed to be among those drowned. His wife and he maid are safe on the Carpathia. Isador Straus, the millionaire merchant, Benjamin Guggenheim, the copper magnate, and Edgar J. Meyer, Vice President of the Braden Copper Company, are still unaccounted for.

DIMENSIONS OF THE VESSEL.

If placed lengthwise upon Fourth Street the Titanic would extend from Walnut street to Broadway and be of a height equal to that of the Seelbach Hotel.

The cost of the vessel was approximately \$10,000,000. With a register of 45,500 tons, the vessel had a displacement of 65,000 tons.

She was 882 1-2 feet, about one-sixth of a mile, in length, 92 1-2 feet in the beam, and had a depth of 175 feet.

The depth of the boat, approximately that of the Seelbach Hotel, was divided into ten decks or stories. These were the sun deck, upper promenade deck, promenade deck upper deck, saloon deck, main deck, middle deck, lower decks for the cargo and engines.

She had cabin accommodations for 2,500 passengers in addition to the officers and crew.

Ollie James Thinks Roosevelt Will be Nominated.

A special dispatch from Washington to the Louisville Herald, Monday said: Senator-elect Ollie James, thinks that Col. Roosevelt's nomination for President by the Republicans is now absolutely assured.

Senator Bradley declined tonight to express any opinion on the result in Pennsylvania and what it portends.

Piano for Sale.

New Piano to trade for good horse. Call on or address,

HARTFORD MUSIC CO.,
Hartford, Ky.

NO CREEK

April 17.—Sabbath school at Wesley Chapel, was organized last Sunday.

Miss Bessie Renfrow who has been attending school in Grayson county for some time, returned home last week.

Mr. P. D. Tweddell has purchased the property where he now resides from Mr. John W. Sanderfur.

Mrs. Chester Wart and little daughter, of McHenry, are visiting her mother, Mrs. Mollie Ellis.

The pretty weather is not only welcomed by the farmers, but the R. F. D. carriers, who are expected to resume their duties, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather. Routes 3 and 7 are to be congratulated as having two of the best carriers in the county.

Mr. Ellis Henry and family visited his parents near Pleasant Ridge, Sunday.

Mr. J. B. Wilson and little son Eli, were in our midst one day last week.

Mr. Ellis Foster and sister Miss Fiddy, Hartford, visited their parents Sunday.

Mrs. S. P. Sanderfur spent several days last week at Centertown.

Most all of our farmers expect to deliver their pooled poultry to Beaver Dam this week.

We are glad to note the improvement of Mr. J. B. Rowan, of Heflin, who has been quite sick.

On account of the high water, travel had to be suspended on the No Creek levee a few days last week.

Election of Teachers.

The annual election of teachers for Hartford College will be held Monday evening April 29, and all teachers desiring to make applications for positions in this school should file application, together with recommendations, with the Secretary of the Board of Education before that date.

C. M. BARNETT, Ch'm'n.
DR. J. W. TAYLOR, Sec'y.

PENNSYLVANIA IS FOR TEDDY

In Primary Gets 67 of 76
Delegates.

Gov. Wilson Also Captures All
But Two Members of
Delegation.

Philadelphia, April 14.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt's sweeping victory in Pennsylvania at Saturday primary election kept growing today as the returns continued to come in.

Incomplete returns from every district give the former President sixty-five of the State's seventy-six delegates in the Republican National Convention. The Roosevelt supporters are claiming sixty-seven and later returns may carry the figures to that total.

Col. Roosevelt won fifty-three of the sixty-four district national delegates and his followers elected enough delegates to the State convention to give them control of that body. The State convention will name twelve delegates at large.

Gov. Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, who had no organized opposition, will have seventy-four of the seventy-six delegates from Pennsylvania in the Democratic National Convention. In the Eleventh Congressional District the two Democratic national delegates elected are favorable too Gov. Judson Harmon, but they are not pledged.

PENROSE NEARLY OUT.

Politicians look upon the triumph of Col. Roosevelt with astonishment. The supporters of the former President were without a State organization or without an organization in many of the thirty-two congressional districts.

The regular Republican organization headed by United States Senator Penrose, who has withstood the fury of many a political storm, received a crushing defeat in the loss of control of the State convention. It is the first time in the present generation that it has lost control of that body.

In addition to naming the twelve delegates-at-large to Chicago, the convention will select thirty-eight presidential electors, four candidates for Congressmen-at-large, and candidates for State Treasurer and Auditor General, all to be voted for at the November election.

The significance of the Roosevelt victory can be realized when it is remembered that the delegates in control of the State convention have the power

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

DOORS CRASH IN POLITICAL RIOT

Battering of Sledge Hammers a Feature.

Democrats at Chicago Have
Stormy Time and Militia
Was Called.

Chicago, Ill., April 15.—Conflict of court orders and the battering of sledge hammers and axes on barred doors preceded the Cook County Democratic convention today, which split and choose two sets of delegates to the State convention in Peoria April 19.

For more than three hours twenty-militiamen, unarmed and under the command of a Captain of the Seventh Regiment, Illinois National Guard held possession of the Seventh Regiment armory in Thirtyfourth Street, while two rival forces, the Hearst-Harrison faction and the followers of Roger C. Sullivan, National Democratic Committeeman, disputed the right of each other to enter the armory.

The Sullivan men insisted that the County Judge had no right to order an Election Commissioner to open the convention. The Hearst-Harrison men declared that his order alone would insure fairness.

Battalions of police, reinforced by more than a hundred deputy sheriffs, acting under the orders of County Judge John E. Owens, held control of the street outside the armory. Coroner Hoffman, with twenty-five deputies was busy through the morning serving police officials and the Sheriff's men, with an injunction issued in the county Superior Court restraining them from interfering. The injunction was waved aside, and the Coroner himself was summoned before County Judge Owens to answer a charge of contempt of court for conflicting with the orders of Judge Owens. The Sheriff and police and Election Commissioner Czarnecki are also under contempt charges.

POLICE BREAK DOORS.

Repeated demands were made by election Commissioner Czarnecki, Republican, delegated by Judge Owens to open the convention, that the door be unbarred. The militia defiantly refused, and Judge Owens, in person, went to the armory and demanded admittance. He was refused. Then the police were ordered by Judge Owens to break in the doors.

No shots came from the guardsmen. The outer door fell, and then an inner

door, barricaded with trunks and furniture gave way. County Judge Owens and Commissioner Czarnecki entered. Captain Oetigan who commanded the guardsmen, was arrested but was released on habeas corpus proceedings.

The Hearst-Harrison precinct committeemen who had been standing in line wearing badges inscribed "Harmony," entered the building.

HOLD ANOTHER CONVENTION. Commissioner Czarnecki called the roll and the machinery of the convention was turned over to the delegates. Not a man of the Sullivan forces was present. Instead they and the Democrats known as Dunne men, remained outside and after a long delay, left the vicinity of the armory and held a convention at another hall.

As a result the State convention will be called on to decide between the two sets of delegates.

FAIRVIEW

April 15.—Sunday school is progressing nicely at this place with Mr. J. R. Wilson as Superintendent and Miss Bosse Acton, Secretary. Sunday school meets every Sunday evening at two o'clock. Everybody is invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Wilson visited Mrs. Wilson's uncle Joe Mitchell Friday. Mr. Mitchell has been confined to his room for some time with dropsy.

Mr. Guy McDaniel happened to a very serious accident Sunday Morning while playing. He fell from a swing and broke his collar bone. Dr. J. S. Bean was called to dress his wound and he is getting along fairly well.

Mrs. Net White and little daughters Lefty and Willie, visited Mrs. C. E. White Sunday night.

Masters Briscoe and John L. White spent Saturday night with their cousin, Master Felix White.

Loret and Eva R. White visited their cousins, Miss Florence and Stella Nabors, Thursday and Friday.

Death of Alex Rowan.

Livermore, Ky., April 15.—Captain Alex H. Rowan, forty-seven years of age and one of the best known river men of this section of Green River, was drowned at 11 o'clock Saturday morning, about two and one-half miles above Livermore, near Jamestown. His body was recovered about 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Captain Rowan was the owner of the gasoline towboat, Jolly Tom, and at the time of his death was engaged in taking a raft of logs down to the Smith Cooperage Company at Livermore. The raft was ahead of the boat, which was going down the river. The tow drifted against the bank and struck some trees that hung out over the water and Captain Rowan stepped from the boat onto the raft for the purpose of pushing it out into the river. He stepped between two logs in such a manner that he was unable to extricate his foot and the raft was carried down under the boat with him on top of it, crushing and drowning him between the raft and the bottom of the boat.

An account of the accident was telephoned to Livermore and another boat was sent out at once. The little boat was pulled off the raft and the body of Captain Rowan was recovered and taken to his home in this city.

For a number of years Captain Rowan had engaged in the towing business up and down Green River and was a very popular man. Several years ago he was landlord of the Commercial Hotel in Hartford and was well known there. He is survived by a wife and two children, Miss Annie Laura Rowan, sixteen years of age, and Tanner Rowan, twenty-one years of age. Two sisters, Mrs. Maude Peary, of Little Rock, Ark., and Mrs. Julia Atherton of Nuckolls, and one brother, Mr. Louis Rowan, of Livermore, also survive him.

FUNERAL HELD MONDAY

Livermore, Ky., April 16.—The funeral services of Capt. Alex H. Rowan were held Monday afternoon in the M. E. church, south, Rev. J. A. Bennett, of Utica, preaching the funeral sermon. After the services at the church the local camp of the Woodmen of the World took charge of the remains and buried them with the honors of the order of which he was a member. There was an immense concourse of people in attendance, as Captain Rowan was loved by all who knew him.

Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of Willie P. Pirtle, will present the same to me at Hartford, Ky., properly proven, on or before May 1, 1912, or they will be forever barred. This April 1, 1912.

IRA N. PIRTLE, Admr.,
Of Willie P. Pirtle, deceased.

MEXICO GIVEN ORDERS BY U. S.

Instructions Forwarded to
Rebel Forces Also.

Government Warned that American
Life and Property are to
be Safely Guarded.

Washington, D. C., April 14.—Warning was issued today by the United States to the Mexican Government, as well as to General Pascual Orozco, chief of the revolutionary forces, that "it expects and must demand that American life and property within the Republic of Mexico be justly and adequately protected, and that this Government must hold Mexico and the Mexican people responsible for all wanton or illegal acts sacrificing or endangering American life or damaging American property, or interests."

The attitude of the United States, as expressed to both the Federal and rebel authorities is that any maltreatment of American citizens "will be deeply resented by the American Government and people, and must be fully answered for by the Mexican people."

WILSON'S STATEMENT.

Acting Secretary Huntington Wilson, of the State Department, who today issued special instructions to Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson, at Mexico City, as Marion Letcher, American Consul at Chihuahua, authorized the statement that intervention was not contemplated by the United States.

Ambassador Wilson was ordered to communicate at once the views of the United States to the Mexican Minister for Foreign Affairs, and a copy of his instructions was likewise sent to Marion Letcher, American Consul at Chihuahua, with special representations addressed to General Orozco.

Orozco recently refused to recognize Mr. Letcher as the American Consular representative, because the United States withheld recognition of the rebel cause. The representations to Orozco accuse him of "practical murder" of Thomas Fountain, and American gunner, enlisted with the Federals, but summarily executed last week when taken prisoner by the insurgents.

ASK HUMANE TREATMENT.

Though declining to justify participation by Americans on either side of the revolution, the United States expressly stipulates that American combatants, when taken prisoner, must be given humane treatment in accordance with the international rules of war.

The correspondence made public tonight is admittedly the strongest demand the United States is known to have made upon Mexico for respectful treatment of Americans as well as other foreigners, and declares that a continuation of illegal acts is tending "to difficulties and obligations, which it is to the interest of all true Mexican patriots, as it is the desire of the United States, to avoid."

INSTRUCTIONS ARE GIVEN.

The instructions to Ambassador Wilson, sent by telegraph today, were as follows:

"You will immediately communicate the following to the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

"The enormous destruction constantly increasing of valuable American properties in the course of the present unfortunate disturbance; the taking of American life contrary to the principles governing such matters among all civilized nations; the increasing dangers to which all American citizens in Mexico are subjected; and, the seemingly possible indefinite continuance of this unfortunate situation compel the Government of the United States to give notice that it expects and must demand that American life and property within the republic of Mexico must be justly and adequately protected, and that this government must hold Mexico and the Mexican people responsible for all wanton or illegal acts sacrificing or endangering American life or damaging American property or interest there situated."

Farm for Sale.

Fifty-nine acres of well timbered land, two and one-half miles off Fordsville, Ky. Terms reasonable. Call on.

W. T. KEOWN,
R. 1, Reynolds, Ky.